

TABLE OF CONTENTS

| Warnings and Disclaimers |
|---|
| History of the SKS |
| Safety Guidelines |
| Operative Cautions |
| Specifications |
| Main Parts and Accessories |
| Loading the SKS |
| Unloading the SKS |
| Disassembly/Assembly 10, 11, 1; |
| Cleaning Procedures 13, 14 |
| Removing Trigger Mechanism/Magazine |
| Removing Receiver Barrel Assembly from Stock 16 |
| Sight Adjustment |
| Mounting the Bayonet 1 |
| Parts Legend |
| Exploded View of Gun |
| Expresses tien of dair |

IMPORTANT: WARNINGS AND DISCLAIMERS

WARNING:

Careless use of any bream can be dangerous The warnings and mistuctions in this manual should be read thoroughly so that you might half understand how toproperly use your SKS rille. Accedentable scharge can occur from careless handling and could cause serious injury, and or damage to properly. SKS RIFLES SMOULD BE CLEANED THOROUGHLY PRIOR TO USE.

DANGER - AMMUNITION WARNING:

Uponby 7,52/36mmSowel annuminon inyour S/Schlla. Never attempt to be an muniform of any other calibre in your gon. Upon to use ammuniform of any other calibre in your gon. Upon you manufactured manufa



7.62x39mm Bullet

The concept of the Assauk Rifle began with the Sovets in the serty 1909 s. Later, uning World War I Valadmir Federov introduced the Federov 1916 Automatic Rifle, which fixed a 6.550 SSR. Japanese cartridge. Althis limitals cartridge was bloogly to be the best for usern rapid fining rifles. These guns were used lower life end of the 1914-18 war and the Russo-Finnish war of 1939-40.

During World War II Ihe Bussians need for the "Automat" increased, and they adopted use of a 762-98mm cutringle. The wappon creaded by S 0 Simonov to fereithis cutrifide was the SKS-45, (Samozuryadni Karablis Simonova) a sell busding cutrine, which was a scaled viver version of the 14 5x111 Brimn PRTS anhalms, faile. The SKS-45 was easy to field ship and marriatina and was guite pooling.

All his same time, M.T. Kalashnikov was working on designing a servine of sheal brins, which would also use the 7 62x39mm cartrage. He was successful, and developed one of the best sown military weapons of our time, the AK-47 (Wordmal Kalashnikova) in 1947. The AK-47 was the prototype for many subsequent versions, and the Chanese manufactured SKS Type 56 rile is a direct derivative of Kalashnikova descri

At the conclusion of World War II, the People's Republic of China mherited many of these Soviet weapons from the Japanese (The Japanese Had Sexzed/hern Marichuna) Duning the Chinese Crivil War, the PRC began making this equipment, and by war's end were well on their way to a fandardizing noticution of these Soviet type small arms

In recent years, the People's Republic of China has been producing the 7.62x39mm Type 68, the 7.62x39mm Type 67, the 7.62x29mm Type 64, and the SKS Type 56 with the distinguishing folding bayonel. The SKS Type 56 was encountered frequently during the Vielnam War

or, and ne decitype so with the districtioning to leading bayoner. The SKS Type 56 was encountered frequently during the Vietnam War. As a military weapon, the SKS rille is only used by frontier forces, however it remains ever popular with the American sportsman as a horiting weapon, and as always with collectors and thirearms enthusiasts.

SAFETY GUIDELINES FOR PROPER OPERATION OF FIREARMS

- Always treat a fuearm as it it were loaded. Accidents happen when it is "alleged" that the weapon is unloaded.
- Keep the muzzle of the firearm pointed toward a safe direction at all times. Never point a weapon at anything you do not intend to destroy!
- Never rely exclusively on your gun's satety irrechanism. It is only an aid to sate gun handling, but it is a device which could tail or be inadverently disengaged.

 Check to see that the barrel is the oil obstruction before tining.
- Remove all grease, oil, or other debris to prevent the barrel from rupturing upon firing. Check the hore, the chamber, and magazine assembly.

 5 Be absolutely certain of your target and the backstop. Make sure.
- your backs'op is sound, and to prevent reachel, never shoot at hard objects or water
- 6 Always wear shooting glasses and ear protection white shooting.
- Understand the operating principle of the lirearm and become tamiliar with its handling characteristics before attempting to use it.
 - 8 Be certain you are using the correct ammunition. Use only high quality military or commorcial ammunition. Do not use reloaded or handloaded cartridges.
 - 9 Keep the flearm unloaded when it is not in use. Store ammunition separately from the gun. Do not transport a loaded weapon.
 - 10 In case of tailure to fire, always keep the muzzle pointed in a sale direction and hold the frearm in this position for 30 seconds. After 30 seconds remove the magazine, open the action, and retrieve the cartidide.

OPERATIVE CAUTIONS FOR FIRING SKS RIFLES OR ANY SEMI-AUTOMATIC WEAPON

TEST YOUR GUN:

- 1. Load Iwo rounds of ammo into the magazine
 - 2 While in a slable living position point the muzzle downward.
 - Pull the charging handle or slide back, and let it tly forward to chamber the first round.
- 4 If your weapon fires, stop lining and unload weapon (This is called a 'Stam Fire.')
 - 5 If there is no "Slam Fire", aim the weapon and pull the tugger
 - 6 If both rounds lire with one pull of the trigger, stop fitting (This is called "Doubling").
 - Either situation is dangerous, and the gun should not be lired. Take the weapon to a gunsmith or place of purchase.

CAUTIONS:

- 1 Do not allow lifle to be heated er sunburnt
- Frequently lubricate your weapon
 Frequently clean your weapon. Particularly the case.
 - Frequently clean your weapon. Particularly the gas system and bore. Always cover with a light coat of gun el after cleaning.
- When storing always keep the hammer in its released position.

THOROUGHLY CLEAN YOUR SKS PIELE PRIOR TO USE!!

SPECIFICATIONS

SKS TYPE-56

S TYPE-56
Callore*
Weight
Length
Bairel . 20.5
Muzzel velocity ...

7 62mm 8.4lbs (approx.) 40 20 inches 4 groove, R.H. Twist 2,410 (p.s.

Magazine 10 round fixed box Arming Range ... 621 mile 1 kilometer



Figure 1



The SKS Rifle consists of 11 Main Parts. (Figure 1)

- Recoil Spring Assembly • Receiver Cover
- 2 3

6

- Receiver
- ä Rolt
 - Gas Tube/Handquard Assembly
 - Bayonet
 - Stock Tracer Group
- 6 Magazino
- Barrel 10 11. Cleaning Flod

The Basic SKS Accessories. (Figure 2) Cleaning Rod Head

- Dott
 - Brush Oil Can
- 5 Accessory Case
- ñ Muzzle Cap Gasport Cleaning Tool
- Clip

It will be helpful to refer to the parts described and shown on these two pages when following the instructions in this manual

(Page 18-19 lists all available parts.)

Instructions for Loading

(ALWAYS REMAIN CONSCIOUS OF MUZZLE POSITION!!)

1 Flip the salety to the "ON" position (Figure 3)

2 Pull charging handle on bolt carrier back until the action

- lacks open. 3 Load with either single rounds or stripper clips (Figure 4)
- 4 Again, remain conscious of muzzle position 5. Pull charging handle back and let the bolt carner fly
- forward to chamber the first round
 - 6. Your offe is now loaded





Figure 3

Figure 4

Instructions for Firing

(ALWAYS REMAIN CONSCIOUS OF MUZZLE POSITION!I) 1. Aim rifle downrange

- 2 Release the safety
- 3 Place finger inside Ingger guard on the trioger
- 4 Pull the Ingger back

After Firing

(ALWAYS REMAIN CONSCIOUS OF MUZZLE POSITION!!) When the gun is fired, gas pressure is extracted from the spent cartridges, and they are elected. New rounds are then automalically led until all the rounds are gone, or the shooter

stops linng. When finished linng, lock back the bolt and always engage the salety before unloading unused cartridges

Instructions for Unloading

- (ALWAYS REMAIN CONSCIOUS OF MUZZLE POSITION!!)
 - If holt was locked back infle should be unloaded. 2. Visually inspect the magazine and chamber to confirm
 - That cun is empty 3. If unsure whether empty, immediately place the salety in
 - The 'ON' position. 4. Release the manazine cover by bulling back the
 - magazine gover latch (Figure 5)
 - 5 Any unexpended rounds will now be freed from the magazine
 - 6 Now, lock the magazine cover back in place. 7. Next, pull back the charging handle to the rear and extract and eject the live round in the chamber. The bolt stop will automatically lock the bolt carner back. (Figure 6)





Figure 5 Figure 6

SKS DISASSEMBLY/ASSEMBLY

Make a sate examination of the rifle to be certain it is not loaded before stripping. Open the magazine cover, draw back boll and look into magazine and chamber to be certain they are empty.

Instructions for Disassembly/Assembly

 Take out all accessones. With a finger, press in the cover of the accessory chamber on the but plate and take the case for accessores out of the stock. (Figure 7). Open the case and take out the accessories.



iguie

- To remove the cleaning rod: swing the bayonet outward from the muzzle of the rifle and remove the cleaning rod. Then, fold the bayonet back down to a "march position".
 To remove receiver cover and recoil spring assembly, hold.
- the small of the stock with your left hard, pressing sett your thumb on the rear of the nonernovoer (Figure 3) retails with the right hand the receiver cover retaining the am you variet to set which position and pull the pin cut to the right as at an a possible. (Figure 9) Allow receiver cover to move backward 1/2" and remove by slating to rear (Figure 10). Be move the recoil spring from the tear of the both corrier (Figure 11) (see certain to entait in cent spring with C Clip and Lowward).

DISASSEMBLY/ASSEMBLY





Figure 10 Figure 11
To remove the bolt pull the bolt back as far as it will go and



DISASSEMBLY/ASSEMBLY

- 5 To remove Gas Tube/Handguard Assembly use a pin punch to pry the lever located on right of rear sight base into the position where the camming surface located at the front is completely verticle (Figure 13). CAUTION: Further movement will allow operating rod and spring to escape
- 6 Now remove the Gas Tuber Handguard Assembly raise the handguard assembly and rock it slowly from side to side until it can be pulled away from the gas block. (Figure 14)





......

7 The gas piston can now be pulled out of the gas tube/

handguard assembly

NOTE: The seven steps listed are sufficient to field strip the rifle for cleaning and regular mainlenance

ASSEMBLY REQUIRES ONLY THAT YOU PERFORM THE ABOVE STEPS IN REVERSE ORDER

CLEANING THE SKS

Make a sale examination of the utile to be certain it is not loarled before cleaning. To clean begin with the rifle field-stripped. (Instructions on Page 10)

Instructions for Cleaning the Rifle

- 1 Allach the bore brush to the cleaning rod
- 2 Saturate the bore brush with our solvent and push through
- the length of the barrel. (Figure 15). If using corrosive primer, this step is very important to remove the corrosive residue from the barrel of your tifle



3. Make at least 10 passes through the barrel from the muzzle. end. The cap of the accessory tube can be used to protect the grown of the muzzle from damage during cleaning. Use a cleaning iso or slotted tip and push a clean dry patch. through the bore. Now pass a clean patch soaked with solvent though the bord. Alternate this procedure with wet and dry patches until the patches come out clean.

REFORE FIRING, CHECK THE BORE FOR OBSTRUCTIONS.

CLEANING THE SKS

- 4 Dry the bore with a clean dry patch, and then apply a thin coat of oil to the bore with a tinal oil soaked patch.
- 6 While cleaning the bore, you should also give the chamber are a borough brashing as well. Use the same technique with the patches alternating wet and dry until the chamber is clean. Do not leave oil residue in the chamber. Glean the boll, bott cartier, piston, recoil sping and receiver.
- A locationush can be used effectively for cleaning these parts. When them dry, and then coal tile bearing surfaces of the both and both carrier with a thin coat of greate. Do not pour oil into the receiver induscrinilately.

 7. Clean the gas port and oas block area. (Figure 16) Remove
- Cisan the gas port and gas block area. (Figure 16) Remove the gas pixton from the handguard and gas cylinder assembly, and clean thoroughly with solvent. Remove all carbon fouling dry with a clean rag, then pagiv all pixton of oil. (Gas Port Clean ng tool is normally not included in basic cleaning kits, but is available toro SKS parts dealers.)



Figure 16

TO RE-ASSEMBLE REVERSE THE TAKEDOWN PROCESS.

REMOVING TRIGGER MECHANISM/MAGAZINE

Prior to start, be certain rifle is not loaded.

- Place the safety in the "ON" position.
 Release box magazine cover.
 - I like a nin nunch to strike the trooper mechanism
 - retaining button at rear of trigger bow (Figure 17)
 - Once released, the trigger assembly can be pulled back from the stock assembly.
 With the trigger mechanism removed, and the bolt locked in
 - the open position, the magazine can be taken out of the stock by simultaneously pulling her magazine down and to the rear (Figure 18). When remetalling magazine down and to the rear (magazine is engaged in lug on receiver





9....

AT THIS TIME, RECEIVER BARREL STOCK ASSEMBLY MAY BE REMOVED.

REMOVING RECEIVER BARREL ASSEMBLY FROM STOCK

Prior to start, remove trigger mechanism magazine. (Instructions on Page 15.)

- Extend bayonet.
 - 2. Lay gun on padded table upside down
 - 3 With right hand hold rear of receiver assembly tightly against table with screwdriver or punch. With left hand, lift up firmly on stock separating the two pieces. (Figure 19)



Figure 19

NOTE: Crossbolt removal is not required or recommended-

ASSEMBLY REQUIRES ONLY THAT YOUR PERFORM THE ABOVE STEPS IN REVERSE ORDER. Elevation: Using a front sight elevation tool, insert the fooked end of the tool into the top of the front sight hood. Engage the tool into the tlats of the front sight post. Turn the tool countesclockwise to lower the builder's point of impact on target. To raise the point of impact, turn the tool clockwise.

Windings: Using a small mallet and brass punch, or an after market winding adjustment tool, windings can be adjusted by drifting the front sight seat, in the direction desired. From the perspective of a sight picture move the tent sight seat in the oppose of direction you want yout point of impact to shaft. For example, to move the group on the target to the left drift the roar sont seat to the right.

The real signt is an open notch type which is adjustable to elevation from 100 meters to 1000 meters to 100 meters to 100 meters to 100 meters to 100 meters (as a sale on all purpose "battle" setting on the signt ladder, set for 300 meters (330 yards). The is attained by moving the elevation side to the rear of the ladder as far as it will go

MOUNTING THE BAYONET

Begin by stdoing the beyoned handle and the bayoned scring over the tags of the sight beyoned. Push downward on the handle untill the std for attaching the bayoned so ow is exposed. Hold the bayoned carefully in this postion with the muzzle fingli placing the muzzle of the filled and the bayoned purification of the muzzle of the filled and the filled with off the day one to mind a carefully in the bayoned purification of the filled and the filled with off the day one to mind a careful war of the proper slot in the bayoned to mind a careful war of proper slot in the bayoned to mind a careful war of proper slot in the bayoned to mind a careful war of proper slot in the bayoned to mind a careful war of proper slot in the bayoned to make a careful war of proper slot in the bayoned to make a careful war of proper slot in the bayoned to make a careful war of the slot for the bayoned to make a careful war of the slot for the bayoned to make a careful war of the slot for the bayoned to make a careful war of the slot for the bayoned to the slot for the bayoned to the fill war of the slot for the bayoned to the slot for the bayoned to the slot for the slot for the slot fill the bayoned to the slo

PARTSLEGEND

Piston 2 Handquard and gas cylinder

3 Preton extension 4. Piston return spring 5 Front sight

R Front sight seat 7 Handguard catch 8 Bayonet screw

9 Bayonet assembly 10. Hold open latch pin 11. Hold open latch spring

12 Hold open latch 13 Receives and barrel assembly

14. Takedown latch 15. Trigger guard latch 16 Latch pm

17 Rear lipusing 18 Bolt carner 19 Bolt 20 Firing pin retainer

21. Finng pin 22 Extractor spring 23 Extractor 24 Recoil apring

25 Spring retainer 26. Large spring ginde 27 Small spring guide 28 Stock assembly 29 Trigger guard scripg 30 Magazine 31 Magazine follower

32 Follower spring 33 Hinge più 34 Magazine cover 35 Cover latch

36 Laich spring and sear spring 37 Sear 38 Latch stop pin

39 Trigger guard 40 Disconnector brace 41 Tripger pin 42. Safety cater 43. Safety catch spring

44 Trioner 45 Salety cateo pin 46 Tugger bar 47 Trigger bar pin 48. Trigger spring

49 Disconnector 50 Rebound disconnector 51 Hammer 52 Hammer strut pin 53 Hammer strut

54 Hammer spring 55 Cleaning rod

